AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application.

Listing of Claims:

1-30 (Canceled)

31. (Currently amended) The beads Beads of a phenolic compound having a high

hot solubility of at least 500 g/l at a reference temperature of 90°C, and a large

difference of solubility which is at least doubled between its hot solubility in a first

operational temperature in a fragmentation apparatus and cold solubility, i.e. between a

first-operational-temperature being the temperature in a fragmentation apparatus and in

a second operational temperature in the being the temperature of a cooling gas stream,

said beads being both attrition resistant and porous.

32. (Currently amended) The beads according to claim 31, wherein the phenolic

compound has a high hot solubility of at least 1000 g/l at a reference temperature of

90°C and the difference of solubility being at least doubled between the two

operational temperatures.

(Previously presented) The beads according to claim 32, wherein the difference 33.

of solubility is a multiple of at least 3 to 5 times between said two operational

temperatures.

(Previously presented) The beads according to claim 31, wherein the phenolic 34.

compound has the following formula (I):

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wherein:

R₁ represents a hydroxyl group, an amino group, an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms or an alkoxy group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

- 35. (Previously presented) The beads according to claim 34, wherein the phenolic compound is selected from hydroquinone, pyrocatechin, resorcin or m-aminophenol.
- 36. (Currently amended) The beads according to claim 31, having a <u>particle</u> size of between 100 μm and 3000 μm in size, optionally between 500 μm and 1500 μm.
- 37. (Currently amended) The beads according to claim 31, having a size, expressed as the median diameter (d_{50}), of from 300 μ m to 2000 μ m, optionally from 500 μ m to 1500 μ m.
- 38. (Currently amended) The beads according to claim 31, having an attrition resistance of between 90% and 100%, optionally more than 98%.
- 39. (Currently amended) The beads according to claim 31, having an internal porosity, determined using a mercury porosimeter, of between 0.5 and 0.75, and having a bulk density (loose) of at least 0.3 and optionally between 0.4 and 0.5.
- 40. (Previously presented) The beads according to claim 35, having a degree of compressibility of 5% to 10%.
- (Currently amended) The beads according to claim 35, having an attrition resistance of between 90% and 100%, optionally more than 98%.

- 42. (Previously presented) The beads according to claim 35, wherein having an internal porosity, determined using a mercury porosimeter, of between 0.5 and 0.75 cm³/g.
- 43. (Cancelled)
- 44. (Previously presented) A process for preparing the beads defined in claim 31, comprising the steps of:
- a) preparing a hot concentrated aqueous solution of a phenolic compound, then,
- b) fragmenting the solution into droplets and cooling the droplets obtained in a stream of gas so that they solidify into beads, and, then,
- c) the beads obtained in step b) are recovered and dried.
- 45. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 44 45, wherein step b) consists of passing the phenolic acid solution through a nozzle to form droplets, solidifying the latter by allowing them to fall in a tower with a counter-current of a cold gas, in order to obtain the beads.
- 46. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 45 46, wherein step a) consists of preparing the aqueous solution of a phenolic compound at a concentration of at least 500 g/l, optionally at least 1000 g/l.
- 47. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 46 47, wherein the aqueous solution of step a) is at a temperature of between 80°C and 98°C, optionally between 85°C and 95°C.

48. (Currently amended) The process according to claim <u>45</u> 46, wherein in step b), the nozzle is a single-hole nozzle or a multi-hole nozzle having between 1 and 3000 holes, optionally between 1 and 100 holes.

49. (Currently amended) The process according to claim $\underline{45}$ 46, wherein in step b), the nozzle has perforations whose diameter is between 50 and 2000 μm , optionall between 200 and 600 μm .

50. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 48 49, wherein the nozzle is a static nozzle, preferably a nozzle which is subjected to a high frequency electrical vibration system, optionally at 100 to 10000 hertz.

51. (Currently amended) The process according to claim <u>44</u> 45, wherein in step b), the gas is nitrogen or oxygen-depleted air whose temperature is between -30°C and 30°C, optionally between -10°C and 10°C.

52. (Currently amended) The process according to claim <u>45</u> 46, wherein the droplet has a residence time for the nozzle outlet to its arrival of between 1 and 10 seconds, optionally between 3 and 5 seconds.

53. (Currently amended) The process according to claim <u>44</u> 45, wherein in step c), the beads are being recovered using a fluidized bed technique.

54. (Currently amended) The process according to claim <u>44</u> 45, wherein in step b) the beads are formed in a prilling tower and the beads of phenolic compound at the bottom of the prilling tower is:

10% to 50% by weight of water; and

50% to 90% by weight of phenolic compound.

55. (Currently amended) The process according to claim <u>54</u> 55, wherein the phenolic compound is hydroquinone and the composition at the bottom of the prilling tower is:

25% to 50% by weight of water;

50% to 75% by weight of phenolic compound.

- 56. (Currently amended) The process according to claim <u>44</u> 45, wherein in step c), the beads are subjected to a stream of air the temperature of which is in the range 20°C to 90°C, optionally in the range 60°C to 90°C.
- 57. (Currently amended) The process according to claim <u>56</u> 57, wherein drying is carried out using a fluidized bed technique.
- 58. (Currently amended) The process according to claim <u>57</u> 58, wherein the beads of phenolic compound after drying is as follows:

0.1% to 1% by weight of water; and

99% to 99.9% by weight of phenolic compound.

- 59. (Currently amended) The process according to claim <u>58</u> 59, in which the composition of the beads of phenolic compound after drying is as follows:
 - 0.1% to 0.6% by weight of water;
 - 99.4% to 99.9% by weight of phenolic compound.
- 60. (New) The beads according to claim 31, wherein the phenolic compound has a high hot solubility of less than 15 000g/l.
- 61. (New) The beads according to claim 36, having a particle size of between 500 μm and 1500 μm .

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- 62. (New) The beads according to claim 37, having a size, expressed as the median diameter (d_{50}), of from 500 μ m to 1500 μ m.
- 63. (New) The beads according to claim 38, having an attrition resistance of more than 98%.
- 64. (New) The beads according to claim 39, having a bulk density (loose) of between 0.4 and 0.5.
- 65 (New) The beads according to claim 41, having an attrition resistance of between 90% and 100%.
- 66. (New) The process according to claim 46, wherein step a) consists of preparing the aqueous solution of a phenolic compound at a concentration of at least 1000 g/l.
- 67. (New) The process according to claim 47, wherein the aqueous solution of step a) is at a temperature of between 85°C and 95°C.
- 68. (New) The process according to claim 48, wherein in step b), the nozzle is a single-hole nozzle or a multi-hole nozzle having between 1 and 100 holes.
- 69. (New) The process according to claim 49, wherein in step b), the nozzle has perforations whose diameter is between 200 and 600 μm.
- 70. (New) The process according to claim 51, wherein in step b), the gas is nitrogen or oxygen-depleted air whose temperature is between -10°C and 10°C.
- 71. (New) The process according to claim 52, wherein the droplet has a residence time for the nozzle outlet to its arrival of between 3 and 5 seconds.
- 72. (New) The beads according to claim 60, wherein the phenolic compound is hydroquinone.